

# ***Paraliropus* nom. nov., a Replacement Name for *Pseudoliropus* Guerra-García & Ah Yong, 2020, Preoccupied by *Pseudoliropus* Laubitz, 1970 (Crustacea: Amphipoda: Caprellidae)**

JOSÉ M. GUERRA-GARCÍA<sup>1</sup>  AND SHANE T. AHYONG<sup>2</sup> 

<sup>1</sup>Laboratorio de Biología Marina, Departamento de Zoología, Facultad de Biología, Universidad de Sevilla,  
Avda Reina Mercedes 6, 41012, Seville, Spain

<sup>2</sup>Australian Museum Research Institute,  
Australian Museum, 1 William Street, Sydney NSW 2010, Australia, and

<sup>2</sup>School of Biological, Earth & Environmental Sciences, University of New South Wales,  
Kensington NSW 2052, Australia

Guerra-García & Ah Yong (2020) erected the genus *Pseudoliropus* (type species *Pseudoliropus keablei* Guerra-García & Ah Yong, 2020) for a new species of caprellid amphipod from southern Australia. Shortly after publication the authors became aware that the genus name was preoccupied by the little known, caprellid *Pseudoliropus* Laubitz, 1970 (type species: *Pseudoliropus vanus* Laubitz, 1970). Although *Pseudoliropus* Laubitz, 1970 is not well diagnosed, and lacks figures and detailed description (Laubitz, 1970: 78; Laubitz 1993: 969; Takeuchi, 1993: 952), it is currently considered valid and remains nomenclaturally available. *Pseudoliropus* Guerra-García & Ah Yong, 2020, therefore, is a junior homonym of *Pseudoliropus* Laubitz, 1970, and needs to be replaced under Article 60.1 of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN, 1999). Therefore, we propose *Paraliropus* nom. nov. to replace the preoccupied *Pseudoliropus* Guerra-García & Ah Yong, 2020. The gender is masculine. The name is an arbitrary combination of the Greek παρά (para, meaning “near”, “next to”) and the caprellid genus name, *Liropus*, alluding to the similarity between members of *Liropus* and *Paraliropus*. At present, *Paraliropus* nom. nov., contains only the type species, *Paraliropus keablei* (Guerra-García & Ah Yong, 2020) comb. nov.

## References

- Guerra-García, J. M., and S. T. Ah Yong. 2020. A new genus and two new species of Caprellidae (Crustacea: Amphipoda) from mesophotic and deep-sea waters of Australia. *Records of the Australian Museum* 72(2): 45–62.  
<https://doi.org/10.3853/j.2201-4349.72.2020.1764>
- International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature. 1999. *International Code of Zoological Nomenclature, Fourth edition*. International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature, London, xxix + 306 pp.
- Laubitz, D. R. 1970. Studies on the Caprellidae (Crustacea, Amphipoda) of the American North Pacific, National Museum of Natural Sciences, Ottawa. *Publications in Biological Oceanography* 1: 1–89.
- Laubitz, D. R. 1993. Caprellidea (Crustacea: Amphipoda): towards a new synthesis. *Journal of Natural History* 27(4): 965–976.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/00222939300770591>
- Takeuchi, I. 1993. Is the Caprellidea a monophyletic group? *Journal of Natural History* 27(4): 947–964.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/00222939300770581>

**Keywords:** *Paraliropus*; *Pseudoliropus*; Crustacea; Amphipoda; Caprellidae; taxonomy; nomenclature

**Taxonomic registration:** urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:3C57A967-7039-404C-A153-E2541A632411

**Corresponding author:** José M. Guerra-García [jmg Guerra@us.es](mailto:jmg Guerra@us.es)

**Received:** 22 September 2020 **Accepted:** 22 September 2020 **Published:** 19 May 2021 (in print and online simultaneously)

**Publisher:** The Australian Museum, Sydney, Australia (a statutory authority of, and principally funded by, the NSW State Government)

**Citation:** Guerra-García, José M., and Shane T. Ah Yong. 2021. *Paraliropus* nom. nov., a replacement name for *Pseudoliropus* Guerra-García & Ah Yong, 2020, preoccupied by *Pseudoliropus* Laubitz, 1970 (Crustacea: Amphipoda: Caprellidae). *Records of the Australian Museum* 73(1): 51.  
<https://doi.org/10.3853/j.2201-4349.73.2021.1735>

**Copyright:** © 2021 Guerra-García, Ah Yong. This is an open access article licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original authors and source are credited.



