

The Australian Museum acknowledges the Gadigal people as the First Peoples and Custodians of the land and waterways on which the Museum stands.

We pay our respect to Gadigal Elders, Ancestors and Country.

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# **Education at the Australian Museum** The Australian Museum (AM) develops world-class education offerings in science and culture through unique curriculum-based programs, outreach initiatives, learning resources, and teacher professional development. These aim to ignite cultural and environmental awareness across generations of learners, with programs grounded in best-practice, object-based pedagogy and enhanced by collections and exhibitions. AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM Preschool Loans Pilot Impac

# **About the Impact Report**

The AM engaged social enterprise For-Purpose Evaluations (FPE) to develop an impact framework, study, and report for a new prototype preschool loans program designed to be accessible to regional communities.

The purpose of this report is to:

- Understand if and to what extent the program is achieving its intended outcomes.
- Identify what factors contributed to or detracted from achieving the intended outcomes.
- Identify areas for improvement and opportunities to increase the impact of the program.

As children are the direct beneficiaries of the program and can share valuable insights, their voices have been centred throughout the assessment process. The impact report uses an outcomes evaluation approach to examine priority outcomes. Learnings will inform future iterations and improvements of the loans program, and this preliminary work will help us establish an impactful program informed by evidence.

# What is the issue at hand?

There is limited availability for object-based learning resources tailored for early years students across NSW. There are approximately 104,000 enrolled preschool students in NSW, 26% regionally based. Preschools in regional and lower socio-economic areas face inequitable access to resources from, and connection to cultural institutions. As a result, preschool students and their educators lack equal opportunities to meaningfully engage with concepts related to Climate Change, the environment, wildlife conservation, and First Nations peoples and cultures. This gap perpetuates cycles of educational disadvantage and diminishes opportunities for children to grow into environmentally and culturally conscious, engaged and proactive citizens.

# How can we help solve this?

The AM has a long history of sharing its collections and knowledges through outreach to communities. Given the importance of setting a good foundation in the early years, education resource kits have been developed which aim to increase scientific literacy, ignite a deeper understanding of and respect for First Nations peoples and cultures, and a care and responsibility for the natural world. The kits are designed to be accessible, providing an authentic and tactile object-based learning experience for preschool aged students and their educators.

The intention is for the program to expand across regional NSW and reach preschools through establishing community hubs, who will hold the kits for loan to their own communities.

<sup>1</sup> Bonati, G (2006) Monitoring and Evaluation with Children: A short guide. Plan International Togo.







# **Priority outcomes**

A Program Logic Model (PLM) was co-created with the Australian Museum Experience and Engagement team. The short-term and medium-term outcomes outlined below were the key focus for this impact report.

Outcome domain	Short-term outcomes	Medium-term outcomes
Curiosity	Preschool students have access to authentic and tactile object-based learning resources.	Preschool students enjoy learning; and are increasingly curious about the world around them.
Environment	Preschool students have access to information about nature and changes in the environment.	Preschool students are more aware of their role in caring for the natural world.
First Nations	Preschool students have access to First Nations led content and perspectives.	Preschool students have a greater awareness of First Nations peoples and cultures.
Resources	Preschool educators have access to quality resources about nature, changes in the environment and First Nations peoples and cultures.	

Refer to Appendix B for the PLM and additional outcomes.



# Our impact so far: Curiosity

Educators valued the local, authentic and tactile learning resources in the kit whilst students demonstrated their engagement through verbal descriptions, mimicking animals, body language and drawings. Student curiosity grew, and educators supported students' interest by undertaking additional research. Additionally, the impact extended into the home where students enthusiastically shared their learning with parents and caregivers.

Research tells us that when children enjoy learning they are more likely to stay curious and explore topics further. Their confidence may be boosted by their ability to understand or interact with the item they are learning about, and they can form deeper connections with the content.<sup>2</sup>



# Indicators

Students were actively engaged with the kits.

Students displayed an increased curiosity about the world around them.

"There's lots of sand and water. There are some sea turtles, crabs, star fish. What about sea snake. Oh, there's jelly fish! And shark and fish. Oh, I forgot dolphins." – Student (shared in a parent/caregiver reflection)

"[The dolphin flipper] is a skeleton. It has 5 bones. It is like a hand." - Student

"The visual and sensory components made the students question. It gave them more curiosity, stimulated their thinking." – Educator

# **Learning Points**

Explore the length of time the kit is loaned to preschools to ensure there is sufficient access.

There was more engagement with highly sensory objects and less in objects encased in resin. Take this into account when finalising objects in the kit.



PERCENTAGE	0	20	40	60	80	100
EDUCATORS SAID STUDENTS PARTICIPATED MORE EAGERLY IN LEARNING DUE TO THE RESOURCES	83%					
EDUCATORS AGREED STUDENTS WERE 'A LOT' MORE ENGAGED	50%					
STUDENTS WERE INTERESTED IN AND ACTIVELY ENGAGED WITH THE KIT	70%					
EDUCATORS AGREED THAT STUDENTS EXPRESSED MORE AWE OR CURIOSITY ABOUT THE WORLD AROUND THEM BECAUSE OF THE KIT.	83%					

<sup>2</sup> The Australian Children's Education and Care Quality Authority (ACECQA) (2023), Early Years Learning Framework, viewed in October 2024, www.acecqa.gov.au/belonging-being-becoming-early-years-learning-framework/eylf-introduction

# Our impact so far: Environment

Some students instigated conversation about the topic, sharing what they had learnt and how it applied to their daily life. Students were particularly interested in plastic waste within waterways and their role in proper waste disposal. At one preschool, educators used the kit to engage students in practical actions, such as analysing plastic waste in their lunchboxes.

Access to the kit and hands on observations gave the opportunity for students to learn about coastal animals. Students identified ways to look after the natural world and undertook collaborative research about animals of interest.



## Indicator

Students were more aware of the natural world and their role in caring for it.

"Look after the animals and their homes. Take the rubbish from the sea to make it not dirty" – Student (shared by a parent/caregiver)

"I feel sad when I hear the story about the plastic." - Student

"After experiencing the kit, the kids kept telling us what they did to care for the environment e.g. collecting rubbish from the beach." – Educator

"Talking about plastic came about because of the box [kit]- being more interested in that when they went for walks, taking rubbish home to recycle. We started to think about not using the plastic." - Educator

# **Learning Points**

The practical actions some preschool students are taking to care for the environment is inspirational. This gives opportunity to develop additional resources that support student engagement in practical actions they could take; eg. rubbish free lunch days, a waste tallying resource, observation of natural resources during nature walks, or activities that support an understanding of water pollution.

Explore opportunities for a digital platform that allows learning resource sharing and collaboration between preschools, the Museum and regional hubs.



STUDENTS DEMONSTRATED UNPROMPTED CURIOSITY ABOUT NATURE

EDUCATORS AGREED THAT THE PRESCHOOL STUDENTS DEMONSTRATED INCREASED AWARENESS IN THEIR ROLE IN CARING FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

100

65%

60%

# Our impact so far: First Nations

Engagement varied across the preschools from utilising First Nations staff already working with the preschools to non-participation. Limited resources and support alongside inconsistent engagement affected opportunities for students to build their cultural awareness.

Some students made unprompted statements that indicated that they had engaged with and retained content about First Nations peoples and cultures however overall, students were not forthcoming with new knowledges.

Previous research conducted by the AM indicates that some teachers find it challenging to teach First Nations content effectively. This can be due to lack of support, confidence, and reliable resources and is consistent with findings for this pilot.

It is acknowledged that limited resourcing/investment has been applied to the First Nations content for the kits in this pilot.

## Indicator

There was limited access to resources and support for teachers and students to engage in First Nations peoples and cultures. As a result, students did not display a significant increase in their knowledge or awareness of First Nations peoples and cultures specific to the kit.

"They made fishhooks to get the animals out." - Student

"We didn't actively talk about it- we didn't think it was relevant to the material [at the time]." - Educator

"For me I didn't recognise First Nations in there, we focused on the research we did." - Educator



# Daddy Daddy

# **Learning Points**

Embedding authentic First Nations perspectives is a strategic initiative for all education programs at the Australian Museum. At this stage in the Preschool Loans Pilot, there has been minimal investment in additional First Nations resourcing and consultation as the short timeframe is not conducive to meaningful engagement in this space. As the project develops, First Nations staffing, consultation and service providers will be prioritised. Additionally, to ensure this work is undertaken with sensitivity and authenticity, it will take time. To ensure First Nations outcomes are met, the Australian Museum is planning greater investment in First Nations led perspectives.

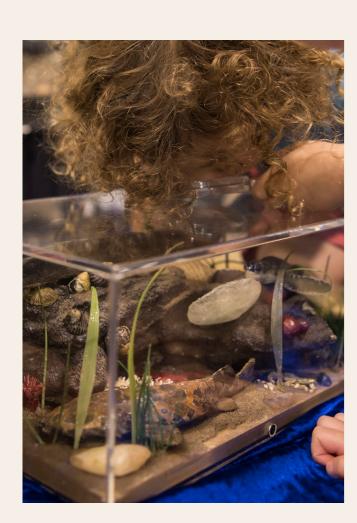
## Plans include:

- Investment in a First Nations Cultural Advisor role for the program to ensure cultural authenticity.
- Investment in First Nations consultancy to support program development. Examples include working with NSW coastal communities such as the Giingana Gumbaynggirr Freedom School, and/or the Gujaga community.
- Development and delivery of early childhood professional development opportunities eg. Waranara Teacher Professional Development for preschool educators.
- Development of additional age-appropriate resources and methods to engage students in First Nations perspectives and content. Examples include First Nations led audio and footage, digital engagement, and additional items for the kits (eg. Kurrajong ropes).

# Our impact so far: Educator resources

Educators' use of the resource was not consistent across preschools. Some conducted extensive research while others were not aware of the additional resources available to support teachings. Educator responses varied due to confidence levels, interests, and experience in the subject matters.

To support educators in using the kits, an accompanying digital resource was provided. This included images, background information, links to videos and articles, and teaching ideas.



## Indicator

Some educators felt confident using the accompanying resource, while others struggled to translate into engaging student experiences.

"I asked the First Nations educator to add to the tools she was already using and talk about it in [her] own way. I didn't tell her the facts from the museum, I let her explain. Some things were the same, some different."

- Educator

"[The project] made me [decide to] get a book to read about coastal areas [myself]." – Educator

"[Provide] more information.. physical information... a book to show them."

- Educator

# **Learning Points**

Design resources in a user-friendly digital format that can be used both when planning, and in real time with the students.

Develop digital resources that ensure content is more accessible; and find ways to connect preschools with each other to share ideas and experiences inspired by the kit.





# **Appendix A**

# Methodology

For-Purpose Evaluations approach to data collection aligned with the principles outlined in the Early Years Learning Framework ACECQA (2023). The Framework emphasises play-based learning and the role that both educators and students play in extending and enriching learning. This approach empowers students to take an active role in their learning through engaging in play experiences, allowing them to explore and discover based on their interests and curiosities with assistance from educators.

The evaluation team implemented a flexible and student-centred method of data collection that was both child-appropriate and reflective of a play-based learning environment. By integrating these elements, we not only aligned the data collection process within the learning environment but also created a child-friendly and dynamic experience that valued the contributions of every child.

Data collection tools included:

- Structured interviews with the preschool educators, including quantitative survey questions to capture educator observations on a 5 point Likert scale.
- Play-based semi-structured interviews and evaluator observations with the preschool students. A rubric was used to record and analyse the evaluator observations to increase the reliability.
- A parent and caregiver reflection survey.

# **Data Analysis**

Data analysis was undertaken as follows:

- Qualitative interview/survey data from educators, students and parents was coded deductively against the outcomes in the program logic model, using thematic analysis.
- Quantitative survey data from educators was triangulated against the qualitative interview data and yielded the educator observation findings included in this report.
- Evaluator observation data was recorded using a rubric to ensure consistency and reliability, this process yielded a portion of the quantitative observation insights available in this report.
- Disaggregation of the data by demographic or location was not appropriate to include in this report as sample sizes did not allow for this to be done without identifying individual educators.
- The use of multiple methods and stakeholders allowed for evaluators to triangulate the data to determine the strongest areas of impact.

Recognising students' perspectives are vital as they are the direct beneficiaries of the program, this report centered their voices throughout the analysis process. Preschool students can provide valuable insights into what works well and what needs enhancement and inclusion of their experiences in our analysis ensured that the findings reflect a comprehensive understanding of the program's impact.

Interview Number	Child's preschool	Gender	Child's age

# Interview with preschool student

#### Introduction

Thank you for talking to me today. I want to hear about playing with these kits. It is ok not to talk to me if you don't want to. We can stop or have a break whenever you want to. I will write down what you tell me as we talk, I can tell you want I have written down if you like. Do you have any questions?

#### **Observation Rubric**

Tick the box that indicates the level of engagement, for each topic

	No evidence	Some evidence	Moderate evidence	Significant evidence
	Showed no knowledge, curiosity, or awareness, E.g., changed the topic and was distracted.	Showed some knowledge, curiosity, or awareness, E.g., could share things they learned about the topic when prompted.	Showed moderate knowledge, curiosity, or awareness, E.g., engaged in conversation about the topic, shared their own ideas without prompting.	Showed significant knowledge, curiosity, or awareness, E.g., instigated conversation about the topic, could share how what they learned applied to their life.
General interest and engagement				
Environmental Curiosity				
First Nations Awareness				
Topic	Questions			
Initial interest and engagement	What is your favourite	nis before? Do you remem thing about playing with the playing and playing all the playing the playing all	ne kit? Why?	ng it?

Awareness			
Topic	Questions		
Initial interest and engagement	Have you played with this before? Do yo What is your favourite thing about play *Identify an object they like* What did	ing with the kit? Why?	ng it?
Environmental Awareness	Now let's talk about nature. Things like Can you tell me about/show me some vectors are people think [specific actions] and Specific actions for the 'Caring for our If you leave rubbish on the beach is Do you perhaps help by taking rubb Can you think of any other ways?	ways we can look after the environm e important. What do you think? Wh Coast' kit could be: this a good or bad thing? Why?	nà <sub>s</sub>
First Nations Awareness	Now let's talk about the Aboriginal and Can you tell me what you know about A [specific examples] from the kit?  - Specific examples for the 'Caring for What did you find out about Aboriginal objects in the kit?  - *Prompts for the 'Caring for our Coad (Oysters, periwinkles, abalone – shel What is your favourite thing about Abopeople? What do you like about it?	boriginal and Torres Strait Islander our Coast' kit could be shell middens and Torres Strait Islander cultures to st' kit could be: how they might use the ls, food etc.	, banksias, the mat rush. hrough some of the e animal parts?
Audio	Did you like any of the things they said in What did you learn?	n the recording? Why/ why not?	
Overall	What is your favourite thing about playing	ng with the kit? Why?	

INTERVIEW WITH PRESCHOOL STUDENT 1

Appendix A: Preschool Loans Pilot: Interview with preschool student

AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM Preschool Loans Program Pilot

	nber	Date	Name	Presch	001
4•	•	41	-14		
ntervi	ew wi	th prescho	oi teacr	ier	
ntroduction					
elivering reso o evaluate the	urces that m impact the r	articipate in this intervieva he a meaningful differer esource kits have had on Iping them to improve the	nce in children's e your students' e	education. They hav	e asked us (FPE)
The conver	sation is com	pletely voluntary. It is yo	ur choice if you v	vant to do it.	
It should ta	ke about 30	minutes. We can stop or	pause at any time	e if you would like to	).
		he interview. We will use I be de-identified before			
	er you <sup>'</sup> have n	out what you have observ oticed any changes since			•
Questions					
	resource kits	typically used? How ofte	en are they used?		
. How are the  On a scale of 1 esources are e	– 5,1 being 's	typically used? How ofte strongly disagree' and 5 b ngage preschool student	peing 'strongly ag	ree', to what extent	do you agree the
On a scale of 1	– 5,1 being 's	strongly disagree' and 5 b	peing 'strongly ag	ree', to what extent	do you agree the
On a scale of 1 resources are 62. a. The Environ	– 5, 1 being 's  offective to e  onment:  Disagree	strongly disagree' and 5 to ngage preschool student Neither agree	peing 'strongly ag s in learning abou	ree', to what extent ut the following:	1
On a scale of 1 resources are 62. a. The Environment of the same o	– 5, 1 being 's  offective to e  onment:  Disagree	strongly disagree' and 5 to ngage preschool student Neither agree	peing 'strongly ag s in learning abou	ree', to what extent ut the following:	1
On a scale of 1 resources are 62. a. The Environment of the same o	– 5, 1 being 's  offective to e  onment:  Disagree	strongly disagree' and 5 to ngage preschool student Neither agree	peing 'strongly ag s in learning abou	ree', to what extent ut the following:	1
On a scale of 1 esources are 62. a. The Environment of the sage of	– 5, 1 being 's  offective to e  onment:  Disagree	strongly disagree' and 5 to ngage preschool student Neither agree	peing 'strongly ag s in learning abou	ree', to what extent ut the following:	1
On a scale of 1 esources are 62. a. The Environment of the sage of	- 5, 1 being 's  offective to e  onment:  Disagree  not?	strongly disagree' and 5 to ngage preschool student Neither agree	peing 'strongly ag s in learning abou	ree', to what extent ut the following:	1

INTERVIEW WITH PRESCHOOL TEACHER 1

Appendix A: Preschool Loans Pilot: Interview with preschool teacher

AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM Preschool Loans Program Pilot

5. b. If so, what does 6. a. Expressing more	eing 'Not at all e following be ore eagerly in I little bit this change m	I' and 5 being 'A haviours becaus learning activities  Somewhat nean for your students in the same with the national state of the same with th	lot', how much wo se of the kit: es?  Quite a bit	ould you say the	N/A
are demonstrating the first and firs	e following be  ore eagerly in I  little bit  this change m	learning activitie  Somewhat  nean for your stu	Quite a bit	A lot	N/A
are demonstrating the first and firs	e following be  ore eagerly in I  little bit  this change m	learning activitie  Somewhat  nean for your stu	Quite a bit	A lot	N/A
5. b. If so, what does 6. a. Expressing more	this change m	nean for your stu	dents? Does this o		-
6. a. Expressing more  Not at all A	awe or curio	sity about the na		change impact y	our work? How so?
s. b. now do you kno	w this change	Somewhat is occurring, wh	Quite a bit	A lot	N/A hear?
7. a. Demonstrating in					
Not at all A	example?	Somewhat	Quite a bit	A lot	N/A
8. a. Demonstrating n	nore enthusia	sm in learning al	bout First Nations	peoples and cu	lltures?
Not at all A	little bit	Somewhat	Quite a bit	A lot	N/A
8. b. Can you give an	example?				

Appendix A: Preschool Loans Pilot: Interview with preschool teacher

	Date	Name	Preschool	
?. Are there any other charcificed / seen / heard /	anges have you notice felt?	ed in the preschool stude	ents? What are they? What have y	yοι
0. What has been the mo	ost impactful thing ab	out the resources, for yo	ou or your students?	
1. What is one thing that	you would suggest to	improve the resources?		
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do∕provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do / provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do / provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the museu	um do / provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	
2. What could the muse.	um do / provide to ma	ake this kit more useable	or effective?	

Appendix A: Preschool Loans Pilot: Interview with preschool teacher

	Date	Prescho	001
Reflection	guide with p	parent, guardi	an or care
Introduction			
include touchable obje hairpin Banksia, and an	ects such as the inside of a d n Oyster. The aim of the kits	d kit to your child's preschool. lolphin's flipper, a Port Jackson is to increase scientific literacy ople and cultures, and inspire o	n shark jaw, a missen, a y, ignite a deeper
		iscuss with your child what the ne kits adn make them available	
You responses will rem completely voluntary.	ain confidential, and no indi	ividual responses will be publis	hed. The reflection is
Section 1: About yo  1. What preschool / ce	ur child ntre does your child attend?	?	
2. How old is your child	1?		
0-2 years	2-4 years	4-6 years	Over 6 years
0-2 years  3. What is your child's		4-6 years	Over 6 years
		4-6 years  Non-binary	Over 6 years  Prefer not to say
3. What is your child's Girl  Section 2: Reflection 4. Ask your child what and the animals or plar the beach/ocean anim	Boy  ons on the Environment new things they have learne nts that live in these areas? A als and other places where a	Non-binary  and the Natural World d at preschool about the ocea	Prefer not to say  n/beach/coastal areas to care for or look afte
3. What is your child's Girl  Section 2: Reflectic  4. Ask your child what and the animals or plar the beach/ocean anim  5. Based on your obser as a result of what they expressing interest in let	Boy  Dons on the Environment  new things they have learne that live in these areas? A als and other places where a	and the Natural World d at preschool about the ocea Ask about what people can do animals live.  your child's curiosity about the are they asking questions they lee, telling you things they have lee	Prefer not to say  n/beach/coastal areas to care for or look after enatural world increas haven't asked before, or

Appendix A: Preschool Loans Pilot: Reflection guide with parent, guardian or carer

	nber	Date		Preschool	
Section 3: R	eflections on F	irst Nations peop	ole		
6. <b>Ask your chi</b>	ld about new thin	gs they have learne	d at preschool a	about Aboriginal Ped	ople and Cultures.
Example promi	ots: What do vou fi	ind most interesting	. what do vou kr	now about Aborigina	I food or how they
use plants and	animals?	_			-
7 Based on you	ir observations to	a what axtant has w	our child's ourie	acity about First Nat	ions/Aboriginal
				osity about First Nat haven't asked before	
interest in lear	ning more about t	he topic, telling you	things they have	e learned, showing e	
excitement abo	out First Nations/A	Aboriginal peoples a	nd cultures?		
Not at all	Slightly	Moderately	Very	Extremely	N/A
Nocacan	ongittiy	Moderatory	VCIY	Extremely	IV/A
	ther reflection conversation, had		to you about the	e kit they have playe	d with at preschool
8. Prior to this		I your child spoken t	to you about the		d with at preschool
			to you about the	e kit they have played	d with at preschool
8. Prior to this		I your child spoken t	to you about the		d with at preschool
8. Prior to this		I your child spoken t	to you about the		d with at preschool
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·	Unsure	·
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·	Unsure	·
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·	Unsure	·
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·	Unsure	·
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·	Unsure	·
8. Prior to this Yes	conversation, had	l your child spoken t	·	Unsure	·
8. Prior to this Yes  9. During the co	conversation, had	No No No rour child mentioned	d any specific ol	Unsure	ked the most?
8. Prior to this Yes 9. During the co	conversation, had onversation, has y thing else you wo	No  No  our child mentioned	d any specific of	Unsure	ked the most?
8. Prior to this Yes 9. During the co	conversation, had onversation, has y thing else you wo	No  No  our child mentioned	d any specific of	Unsure	ked the most?
8. Prior to this Yes 9. During the co	conversation, had onversation, has y thing else you wo	No  No  our child mentioned	d any specific of	Unsure	ked the most?
8. Prior to this Yes 9. During the co	conversation, had onversation, has y thing else you wo	No  No  our child mentioned	d any specific of	Unsure	ked the most?
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8. Prior to this Yes 9. During the co	conversation, had onversation, has y thing else you wo	No  No  our child mentioned	d any specific of	Unsure	ked the most?
8. Prior to this Yes 9. During the co	conversation, had onversation, has y thing else you wo	No  No  our child mentioned	d any specific of	Unsure	ked the most?

Appendix A: Preschool Loans Pilot: Reflection guide with parent, guardian or carer



# **Appendix B**

# **Program Logic Model**

PROGRAM OBJECTIVE	The Australian Museum (AM) Preschool Loans Program Pilot loans out educational resource kits that aim to increase scientific literacy, ignite a deeper understanding of and respect for First Nations peoples and cultures, and inspire care for the natural world. The kits are designed to be accessible for a range of learning abilities providing authentic and tactile object-based learning experiences for students and their teachers.
CONTEXT	<ul> <li>The AM is a trusted source of specialised knowledge for the community.</li> <li>NSW has a geographically dispersed population. Cultural institutions are scarcer in regional and remote areas than in metropolitan Sydney.</li> <li>The education sector is experiencing significant staffing and resource shortages. These shortages can negatively impact the quality of learning for preschool students.</li> <li>Conversations relating to climate change, the environment, wildlife conservation and First Nations peoples and cultures are complex in nature and require an informed and considered approach.</li> </ul>
ULTIMATE GOAL	Preschool students have the foundation to be environmentally and culturally aware citizens, with a shared responsibility of the world around them.

# **PROBLEM STATEMENT**

There is limited learning resources tailored for early years education currently available across NSW. In particular, preschools in regional and lower socio- economic areas face inequitable access to resources from cultural institutions.

As a result, preschoolers and their teachers lack equal opportunities to meaningfully engage with concepts related to climate change, the environment, wildlife conservation, and First Nations peoples and cultures.

This gap perpetuates cycles of educational disadvantage and diminishes the opportunities children have to grow into environmentally conscious, engaged and proactive citizens.

- **INPUTS** Funding
- Staff time and resources to develop and deliver resource kits
- Expert input to inform the development of the resource kits
- Material and equipment to develop the resource
- Instructional material and guidance for preschools

# **ACTIVITIES**

- Creating the kits in physical form Collaboratin g
  - with preschools, libraries, First Nations communities and other education institutions to develop kits
  - Delivering the kits to preschools
    - Providing kits and resources for use by preschool teachers in their classes
    - Organising the return of the kits to the AM

## **OUTPUTS**

- # kits developed
- # kits distributed - # preschools
- reached
- # learning experiences arranged
- # students who engaged with the kit
- # regional libraries/ preschools engaged

# **IMMEDIATE (SHORT-TERM)**

## Preschool students:

- Have access to authentic and resources.
- Have access to First Nations led content and perspectives.

## Preschool teachers:

resources and knowledges about nature and changes in the environment: and First Nations

# PROLONGED (MEDIUM-TERM)

- tactile object-based learning
- Have increased access to information about nature and changes in the environment.

 Have increased access to quality peoples and cultures.

# Preschool students:

- Enjoy learning.
- Are increasingly curious about the world around them.
- Have a greater appreciation for the natural world.
- Are more aware of their role in caring for the natural world.
- Have a greater awareness of First Nations peoples and cultures.
- Have increased empathy for others.

# Preschool teachers:

- Provide dynamic and unique learning experiences for preschool students.
- Have enhanced sense of purpose in teaching content that is accurate and inclusive in relation to climate change, the environment, wildlife conservation, and to First Nations peoples and cultures.

# SUSTAINED (LONG-TERM)

Preschool students:

- Are poised for meaningful learning in the future.
- Have a solid foundation for engaging in environmental and cultural concepts in the future.

# Preschool teachers:

- Are more equipped to nurture their students' curiosity, promote lifelong learning and foster a shared responsibility for the world around them.

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# **ASSUMPTIONS**

Object-Based Learning is an appropriate method for educating preschool students about the environment and First Nations peoples and cultures.

Early education is a formative period for a child's development and their experience in preschool can influence how they engage in learning in the future.

Preschools are willing to engage in the teaching of these concepts to preschool students.

# UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES

AM resources are used in place of other local resource offerings developed within communities.

Other cultural institutions are inspired to expand their regional outreach.

Increased visitation to the AM.

Increased use of libraries and other community hubs in regional communities. Increased giving to

Improved collaboration between early education centres and cultural institutions.



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